

State of Arizona  
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT

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Disposition of Complaint 19-123

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Judge:

Complainant:

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**ORDER**

July 31, 2019

The Complainant alleged a superior court judge improperly arrested him for the judge's personal gain.

The role of the Commission on Judicial Conduct is to impartially determine whether a judicial officer has engaged in conduct that violates the Arizona Code of Judicial Conduct or Article 6.1 of the Arizona Constitution. There must be clear and convincing evidence of such a violation in order for the Commission to take disciplinary action against a judicial officer.

The Commission reviewed all relevant available information and concluded there was not clear and convincing evidence of ethical misconduct in this matter. The complaint is therefore dismissed pursuant to Rules 16(a) and 23(a).

Commission members Diane M. Johnsen and Christopher P. Staring did not participate in the consideration of this matter.

Copies of this order were distributed to all appropriate persons on July 31, 2019.

2019-123

COMPLAINT AGAINST A JUDGE

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Judge's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Instructions: Use this form or plain paper of the same size to file a complaint. Describe in your own words what you believe the judge did that constitutes judicial misconduct. Be specific and list all of the names, dates, times, and places that will help the commission understand your concerns. Additional pages may be attached along with copies (not originals) of relevant court documents. Please complete one side of the paper only, and keep a copy of the complaint for your records.

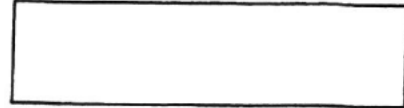
On \_\_\_\_\_ traveled to \_\_\_\_\_  
on a state taxpayer credit card armed  
with a " federal indictment drafted  
by Attorney \_\_\_\_\_  
and Attorney \_\_\_\_\_ (see contact  
address on court page) arresting \_\_\_\_\_ on  
and prosecuting the extradition  
hearing before Judge \_\_\_\_\_ and  
Magistrate \_\_\_\_\_ where he  
introduced himself as U.S. Attorney  
from \_\_\_\_\_

argues that \_\_\_\_\_ deprived him of  
his rights arresting him and extraditing  
him to \_\_\_\_\_ with a " grand jury  
indictment while no grand jury proceeding  
had conducted (fake indictment) in violation  
of 18 USC 242, 18 USC 1621, 18 USC 1623, and  
18 USC 1512. (perjury, false declarations,  
obstruction of justice and witness  
tampering). \_\_\_\_\_ was convicted on  
the fake indictment in \_\_\_\_\_ and sentenced  
to \_\_\_\_\_

**CONFIDENTIAL**

State of Arizona  
Commission on Judicial Conduct  
1501 W. Washington Street, Suite 229  
Phoenix, Arizona 85007

**FOR OFFICE USE ONLY**



**COMPLAINT AGAINST A JUDGE**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Judge's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Instructions:** Use this form or plain paper of the same size to file a complaint. Describe in your own words what you believe the judge did that constitutes judicial misconduct. Be specific and list all of the names, dates, times, and places that will help the commission understand your concerns. Additional pages may be attached along with copies (not originals) of relevant court documents. Please complete one side of the paper only, and keep a copy of the complaint for your records.

argues that \_\_\_\_\_ and his office has used data link computer tracking software in violation of the 4th USCA and USA v. Christianson, (2015), where the software was used to devolve target corporations and executives for hostile takeover, he contends that \_\_\_\_\_ has arrested him no less than \_\_\_\_\_ times on fake state charges causing \_\_\_\_\_ worth of unrecoverable corporate losses where \_\_\_\_\_ is the chairman of the board and Chief Executive Officer of a domestic corporation doing international business. \_\_\_\_\_ argues that like \_\_\_\_\_ office has arrested him many times for personal gain and account takeover where profits or customer lists (trade secrets) were illicitly converted and intentionally concealed to avoid detection.

Request injunctions under Rule 63, Az. Sup. Ct. and under Article 6.1 Sections 3 and 4 of the Arizona Constitution for the 4th USCA violations and sophisticated frauds.

**GROUND ONE:** 1st, 4th, 5th, and 14th U.S.C.A. : Freedom of Speech; Search and Seizure; Due Process; and Due Process of the Law - Privacy Rights.

The warrantless use of Data Link (Body) Tracking Software by City and State Authorities.

(a) Supporting FACTS (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):

Petitioners 1st, 4th, and 14th U.S.C.A. Rights are violated when City of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ attached DATA LINK to Petitioners Body. A state conducts a search within the meaning of the Fourth Amendment when it attaches a device to a person's body without consent for the purposes of tracking that individuals movements. U.S. v. Jones 131 S. Ct. 3069 (2014). The Government was placed on notice affixing the GPS - Satellite - Based Monitoring without a warrant was a Fourth Amendment Violation.  
\* Grady v. North Carolina 2015 WL 1400850, U.S. v. Knotts 460 U.S. 276, 103 S. Ct. 1081, state v. Jones, N.C. App., 750 S.E. 2d 883, The warrantless use of DATA LINK on Petitioners Body by the City of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ not only violates the Fourth Amendment, but also violates 1st Amendment - Freedom of Speech and Fourteenth Amendment U.S. Constitution Due Process of Law - Privacy Rights. Not only is Petitioner being unlawfully arrested over and over but his buisness activities are subject to duplication causing monetary lapses in excess of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ to Petitioner's buisness. During the summer of \_\_\_\_\_ and at \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Did you exhaust all available administrative remedies relating to Ground One? Yes  No

(c) If yes, did you present the issue to:

- The Board of Immigration Appeals
- The Office of General Counsel
- The Parole Commission
- Other: Contacted City of \_\_\_\_\_ and State of \_\_\_\_\_

(d) If you did not exhaust all available administrative remedies relating to Ground One, explain why:

This is Petitioner's first unobstructed opportunity to litigate these U.S. Constitutional Violations  
The use of DATA LINK is causation for unrecoverable Passes to Petitioner. To circumvent further injury Petitioner Prays the \_\_\_\_\_ Courts will grant injunctive relief from these injurious violations. Absent Relief respondent will continue injurious practices.

GROUND TWO: 14th U.S.C.A. - Equal Protection ⇒ The equal protection clause provides that NO STATE shall deny any person within its jurisdiction equal protection of the LAW.

(a) Supporting FACTS (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):

Petitioner has made fraud reports since to: Police; Sheriff; and The State with no arrests. However, because of Petitioner's membership to "- convict felon nobody would follow-up to prosecute these frauds. Instead Petitioner is denied access to State and Federal Courts and arrested for everything everybody got away with.

The frauds we reported are better than these:

1) Reverse your checking account and/or credit report

★ U.S. v. Blitz, 151 F.3d 102 (1998)

2) Reload/-Duplication - duplicate victim company call lists

★ U.S. v. Durant 89 Fed. Appx. 56 (2004)

(b) Did you exhaust all available administrative remedies relating to Ground Two? Yes [X] No [ ]

(c) If yes, did you present the issue to:

- [ ] The Board of Immigration Appeals
[ ] The Office of General Counsel
[ ] The Parole Commission
[X] Other: Attorney

Police

(d) If you did not exhaust all available administrative remedies relating to Ground Two, explain why:

This is the first unobstructed opportunity Petitioner has had to litigate these violations.

CONTINUED (from page 4)

Ground One

(a) Supporting Facts

...approximately one  
Petitioner and acquaintances were leaving  
an establishment at  
in Arizona. After leaving  
the establishment, Petitioner and Friends  
went out to the vehicle parked at  
the establishment on private property and  
proceeded to travel home when seized  
by Police Seargent  
When Petitioner asked seargent  
?"Seargent  
replied, Littering. Again, we are on  
private property and neither Police  
nor Seargent possessed a certificate  
to enforce ordinances on this property. The  
Seargent acting alone proceeded to search  
Petitioner and his friends finding  
nothing unlawful. The seargent then searched  
the vehicle, again finding nothing unlawful.  
When Petitioner asked Seargent for a  
citation, Seargent replied,"  
"Petitioner was then detained  
and transported to Police Station at

**THE COMMISSION'S POLICY IS  
TO POST ONLY THE FIRST FIVE  
PAGES OF ANY DISMISSED  
COMPLAINT ON ITS WEBSITE.**

**FOR ACCESS TO THE  
REMAINDER OF THE  
COMPLAINT IN THIS MATTER,  
PLEASE MAKE YOUR REQUEST  
IN WRITING TO THE  
COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL  
CONDUCT AND REFERENCE  
THE COMMISSION CASE  
NUMBER IN YOUR REQUEST.**